

# MEBEP TECH(HK) Co., Limited

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# Monoscreen Ab ELISA E.coli F5 (K99))

**Product Number: ELK005** 

## **Shipping and Storage**

Reagent kit storage: 2-8°C.
 Validity period: 6 months.

### Component

Component	96T
30× Concentrated Wash Buffer	20mL×1
Enzyme Conjugate	$6mL \times 1$
Microplate (Coated)	12 wells × 8 strips
Sample Diluent	$6mL \times 1$
Chromogen Substrate A	$6mL \times 1$
Chromogen Substrate B	$6mL \times 1$
Stop solution	$6mL \times 1$
Positive control	$0.5\text{mL} \times 1$
Negative control	$0.5 \text{mL} \times 1$

#### **Description**

This kit uses the double antibody sandwich method to determine the expression of Escherichia coli K99 (E.coli K99) in specimens. Using purified antibody coated microplates, solid-phase antibodies can be prepared that can bind to Escherichia coli K99 in the sample. After washing to remove unbound antigens and other components, they can then bind to HRP labeled antibodies to form antibody antigen enzyme-linked antibody complexes. After thorough washing, TMB substrate is added for color development. TMB is converted to blue under the catalysis of HRP enzyme and to the final yellow under the action of acid. Measure the absorbance (OD value) at a wavelength of 450nm using an enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA) reader, and compare it with the CUTOFF value to determine the presence or absence of Escherichia coli K99 in the specimen.

#### **Application**

This kit is used to determine the expression of Escherichia coli K99 (E.coli K99) in microbial samples.

#### **Specimen requirements**

- Extract the specimen as soon as possible after collection, according to relevant literature, and conduct experiments as soon as
  possible after extraction. If the experiment cannot be conducted immediately, the specimen can be stored at -20°C, but repeated
  freezing and thawing should be avoided
- 2. Samples containing NaN3 cannot be detected because NaN3 inhibits the activity of horseradish peroxidase (HRP).

#### Protocol

- Number: Number the corresponding micropores of the sample in sequence. Each plate should have 2 negative control wells, 2
  positive control wells, and 1 blank control well (blank control wells do not contain samples or enzyme-linked immunosorbent
  assay reagents, and all other steps are the same)
- 2. Sample addition: Add 50μL of negative control and positive control to the negative and positive control wells respectively. Then add 40μL of sample diluent to the test sample well, followed by 10μL of the test sample. Add the sample to the bottom of the enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay plate well, avoiding touching the well wall as much as possible. Gently shake and mix well,



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- 3. Incubation: Cover the plate with a sealing film and incubate at 37 °C for 30 minutes.
- 4. Solution preparation: Dilute 30 times the concentrated washing solution with distilled water and set aside for later use
- 5. Washing: Carefully remove the sealing film, discard the liquid, shake dry, fill each hole with detergent, let it stand for 30 seconds, then discard. Repeat this process 5 times and pat dry.
- 6. Enzyme addition: Add 50μL of enzyme labeled reagent to each well, except for blank wells.
- 7. Incubation: Follow the same procedure as in 3.
- 8. Washing: The operation is the same as 5.
- Color development: Add 50μL of color developing agent A50 to each well, then add 50μL of color developing agent B50, gently shake and mix, and develop color at 37°C in the dark for 10 minutes
- 10. Termination: Add 50μL of termination solution to each well to terminate the reaction (at this point, the blue color turns yellow).
- 11. Measurement: Measure the absorbance (OD value) of each well in sequence using a blank air conditioner with a wavelength of 450nm. The measurement should be conducted within 15 minutes after adding the termination solution.

## Calculation and result judgment

- 1. Experimental effectiveness: The average value of positive control wells is  $\geq 1.00$ ; Negative control mean  $\leq 0.20$
- 2. CUT OFF calculation: CUT=mean value of negative control wells+0.15
- 3. Negative determination: Samples with OD values less than the critical value (CUT OFF) are considered negative for E. coli K99
- 4. Positive determination: Samples with OD values ≥ the critical value (CUT OFF) are considered positive for E. coli K99.

#### Note

- 1. Strictly follow the instructions for operation, and components from different batches of this reagent must not be mixed.
- 2. The kit should be balanced at room temperature for 15-30 minutes before being taken out of the cold storage environment. If the enzyme coated plate is not used up after opening, the Flat noodles should be stored in a sealed bag.
- 3. Concentrated washing solution may precipitate crystals. When diluting, it can be dissolved by heating in a water bath, and washing does not affect the results.
- 4. The sealing film is only for one-time use to avoid cross contamination.
- 5. Please store the substrate away from light.
- 6. The determination of experimental results must be based on the reading of the enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA) reader. When using dual wavelength detection, the reference wavelength is 630nm
- 7. All samples, detergents, and various waste materials should be treated as infectious agents. The termination solution is 2M sulfuric acid, and safety must be taken into account when using it.